

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X
ANTHONY MCDADE,

Plaintiff,

- against -

CITY OF NEW YORK, POLICE OFFICER JONATHAN
TRAHAN, POLICE OFFICER ADAM MUNIZ, POLICE
OFFICER CRAIG TIETJEN, POLICE OFFICER
JOHN/JANE DOE(S) #'S 1-2,

Defendants.
-----X

AMENDED COMPLAINT

15-CV-8520 (JMF)

**PLAINTIFF DEMANDS
TRIAL BY JURY ON
ALL ISSUES**

Plaintiff, ANTHONY MCDADE, by his attorneys, NASS & ROPER LAW, P.C.,
complaining of the Defendants, respectfully alleges, upon information and belief, as follows:

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. This is a civil rights action in which Plaintiff, ANTHONY MCDADE, seeks damages to redress the deprivation, under color of state law, of rights secured to him under the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution. On or about September 6, 2015, at approximately 8:00 p.m., at or near the corner of 124th and Lexington Avenue in the County, City and State of New York, Plaintiff was falsely arrested and assaulted by Defendants including, but not limited to CITY OF NEW YORK, POLICE OFFICER JONATHAN TRAHAH, POLICE OFFICER ADAM MUNIZ, POLICE OFFICER CRAIG TIETJEN, POLICE OFFICER JOHN/JANE DOE(S) #'S 1-2. It is alleged that Defendants falsely arrested Plaintiff and used excessive force in effectuating his arrest in violation of his constitutional rights.

II. JURISDICTION

2. Jurisdiction is conferred upon this Court by 28 U.S.C. §1343 (3) and (4), which provides for original jurisdiction in this court of all suits brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §1983, and by 28 U.S.C. §1331, which provides jurisdiction over all cases brought pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the United States. This Court has pendant jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state law claims.

III. PARTIES

3. Plaintiff, ANTHONY MCDADE, at all times relevant hereto resided in 107 East 126th Street, in the City and State of New York.
4. Defendant, CITY OF NEW YORK, (hereinafter "CITY") is a municipal corporation, incorporated pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, which operates the New York City Police Department (hereinafter "NYPD"), and as such is the public employer of the Defendant officers herein.
5. Defendant, POLICE OFFICER JONATHAN TRAHAN (TX: 955590) was an NYPD police officer, and at all relevant times hereto, acted in that capacity as agent, servant, and/or employee of Defendant CITY and within the scope of his/her employment.
6. Defendant, POLICE OFFICER ADAM MUNIZ (TX: 955234) was an NYPD police officer, and at all relevant times hereto, acted in that capacity as agent, servant, and/or employee of Defendant CITY and within the scope of his/her employment.
7. Defendant, POLICE OFFICER CRAIG TIETJEN (TX: 955579) was an NYPD police officer, and at all relevant times hereto, acted in that capacity as agent, servant, and/or employee of Defendant CITY and within the scope of his/her employment.

8. Defendants, POLICE OFFICER JANE/JOHN DOE(S) #'s 1-2 were NYPD police officers, and at all relevant times hereto, acted in that capacity as agents, servants, and/or employees of Defendant CITY and within the scope of their employment.
9. At all relevant times hereto, Defendants were acting under the color of state and local law. Defendants are sued in their individual and official capacities. At all relevant times hereto, Defendant CITY was responsible for making and enforcing the policies of NYPD and was acting under the color of law, to wit, under color of the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, customs and usages of the State of New York and/or the City of New York.

IV. FACTS

10. On or about September 6th, 2015, at approximately 8:00 p.m., Plaintiff, ANTHONY MCDADE, was near the location of 125th and Lexington in the County, City and State of New York when he was approached by Defendants.
11. Defendants accused Plaintiff of throwing a bottle and Plaintiff tells them that he did not throw anything but still puts his hands up as Defendants ask.
12. Plaintiff is immediately grabbed by Defendants and thrown violently to the floor causing severe injury to his face and teeth.
13. Plaintiff is stood up by Defendants and forcefully handcuffed.
14. Plaintiff's face is covered with blood and he is denied medical attention when he requests it from Defendants.
15. Plaintiff is brought to the 25th precinct and an ambulance from Metropolitan Hospital is finally called for him.

16. Plaintiff is brought to the hospital and then brought back to the precinct and processed to Central Booking.
17. Once at Central Booking, Plaintiff is held for 10 hours and told that the Judge “can’t see him like this” and his bloody shirt is turned inside out.
18. Plaintiff is arraigned on false charges of disorderly conduct and resisting arrest and released on his own recognizance.
19. Plaintiff would be forced to make approximately two court appearances before all charges were dismissed.
20. That heretofore and on the 10th day of September, 2015, Plaintiff’s Notice of Claim and Intention to sue was duly served upon and filed with the CITY; said Notice was filed within ninety (90) days after the cause of action herein accrued and set forth the name and post office address of Plaintiff, the nature of the claim, the time when, the place where, the manner in which the claim arose and the items of damage and injuries sustained.
21. That at least thirty (30) days have elapsed since the demand or claim upon which these actions are predicated was presented to CITY for adjustment or payment thereof and that it has neglected and/or refused to make adjustment or payment thereof.

V. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to §1983 (FALSE ARREST)

22. Paragraphs 1 through 21 of this complaint are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
23. That Defendants had neither valid evidence for the arrest of Plaintiff nor legal cause or excuse to seize and detain him for approximately two hours.

24. That in detaining Plaintiff for approximately 24 hours, and without a fair and reliable determination of probable cause, Defendant CITY abused its power and authority as a policymaker of the New York City Police Department under the color of State and/or local law.
25. Upon information and belief, it was the policy and/or custom of Defendant CITY to inadequately supervise and train its officers, staff, agents and employees, thereby failing to adequately discourage further constitutional violations on the part of their officers, staff, agents and employees.
26. As a result of the above described policies and customs, the officers, staff, agents and employees of Defendant CITY believed that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated.
27. The above described policies and customs demonstrated a deliberate indifference on the part of the policymakers of the CITY to the constitutional rights of arrestees and were the cause of the violations of Plaintiff's rights alleged herein.
28. By reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendant CITY, acting under color of state law and within the scope of its authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, subjected Plaintiff to an unlawful detention, in violation of the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and the laws of the State of New York.
29. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered mental injuries, deprivation of liberty and privacy, terror, humiliation, damage to reputation and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

VI. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (FALSE ARREST)

- 30. Paragraphs 1 through 29 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 31. That the seizure, detention and imprisonment of Plaintiff was unlawful in that Defendants had no probable cause to detain, arrest him.
- 32. That Defendants intended to confine Plaintiff.
- 33. That Plaintiff was conscious of the confinement and did not consent to it.
- 34. That the confinement was not otherwise privileged.
- 35. By reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendants, acting in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, deprived him of his liberty when they subjected him to an unlawful, illegal and excessive detention, in violation of State law.
- 36. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered mental injuries, economic injury, deprivation of liberty and privacy, terror, humiliation, damage to reputation and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

VII. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to §1983 (EXCESSIVE FORCE)

- 37. Paragraphs 1 through 36 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 38. That the incident that resulted from the intentional application of physical force by Defendants constituted a seizure. That the use of excessive force in effectuating the seizure was unreasonable under the circumstances.
- 39. That Defendants had no legal cause or reason to use excessive force in effectuating Plaintiff's arrest.
- 40. That Defendants violated Plaintiff's Fourth and Fourteenth Amendment right to be free from unreasonable seizures when they used excessive force against him.

41. That at the time of the arrest, Plaintiff did not pose a threat to the safety of the arresting officers.
42. That Plaintiff was not actively resisting arrest or attempting to evade arrest.
43. That Defendant CITY, through its officers, agents, and employees, unlawfully subjected Plaintiff to excessive force while effectuating his arrest.
44. That Defendants' actions were grossly disproportionate to the need for action and were unreasonable under the circumstances.
45. That Defendants are liable for preventable harm to Plaintiffs because they knew excessive force was being used; they knew a Constitutional violation had been committed through the use of that force; and Defendants had a reasonable opportunity to intervene and prevent the harm from occurring and failed to do so.
46. That by reason of Defendants acts and omissions, acting under color of state law and within the scope of his authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, subjected Plaintiff to excessive force while effectuating his arrest, in violation of his rights pursuant to the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.
47. That upon information and belief, in 2015, Defendant CITY had a policy or routine practice of using excessive force when effectuating arrests.
48. That upon information and belief, it was the policy and/or custom of defendant CITY to inadequately train, supervise, discipline, and/or terminate their officers, staff, agents and employees, thereby failing to adequately discourage further constitutional violations on the part of their officers, staff, agents and employees.

49. That as a result of the above described policies and customs, the officers, staff, agents and employees of defendant CITY, believed that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated.
50. That the above described policies and customs demonstrate a deliberate indifference on the part of the policymakers of Defendant CITY to the constitutional rights of arrestees and were the cause of the violations of Plaintiff's rights alleged herein.
51. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, emotional injuries, economic injury, trauma, humiliation, terror, damage to reputation, and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

VIII. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (EXCESSIVE FORCE)

52. Paragraphs 1 through 51 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
53. That the incident that resulted from the intentional application of physical force by Defendants constituted a seizure.
54. That the use of excessive force in effectuating the seizure was unreasonable under the circumstances.
55. That Defendants had no legal cause or reason to use excessive force in effectuating Plaintiff's arrest.
56. That at the time of the arrest, Plaintiff did not pose a threat to the safety of the arresting officers.
57. That Plaintiff was not actively resisting arrest or attempting to evade arrest.

58. That Defendants' actions were grossly disproportionate to the need for action and were unreasonable under the circumstances.
59. That by reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendants, acting under color of state law and within the scope of their authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, subjected Plaintiff to excessive force while effectuating his arrest, in violation of the laws of the State of New York
60. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, emotional injuries, economic injury, trauma, humiliation, terror, damage to reputation, and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

IX. FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (ASSAULT and BATTERY)

61. Paragraphs 1 through 60 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
62. That Defendants intended to cause harmful bodily contact to Plaintiff.
63. That defendant Defendants, in a hostile manner voluntarily caused Plaintiff's injuries.
64. That Defendants contact with Plaintiff constituted a battery in violation of the laws of the State of New York.
65. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, emotional injuries, economic injury, trauma, humiliation, terror, damage to reputation, and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

X. SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to §1983 (MALICIOUS PROSECUTION)

66. Paragraphs 1 through 66 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
67. That Defendants, with malicious intent, arrested Plaintiff and initiated a criminal proceeding despite the knowledge that Plaintiff had committed no crime.

68. That the criminal matter against Plaintiff was terminated in his favor and the court dismissed the case by motion of the District Attorney on October 29, 2013.
69. That there was no probable cause for the arrest and criminal proceeding.
70. That by reason of Defendants' acts and omissions, Defendants, acting under the color of state law and within the scope of their authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, deprived Plaintiff of his liberty when they maliciously prosecuted him and subjected him to an unlawful, illegal and excessive detention, in violation of his rights pursuant to the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.
71. That upon information and belief, Defendants had a policy and /or custom of maliciously prosecuting individuals despite the lack of probable cause. Thus, as a result of the above described policies and customs, Plaintiff was maliciously prosecuted despite the fact that he had committed no violation of the law.
72. That upon information and belief it was the policy and /or custom of Defendant CITY to inadequately hire, train, supervise, discipline and /or terminate their officers, staff, agents and employees, thereby failing to adequately discourage further constitutional violations on the part of their officers, staff, agents, and employees.
73. That as a result of the above described policies and customs, Defendant CITY, its staff, agents and employees of Defendant CITY believed that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated.

74. That the above described policies and customs demonstrate a deliberate indifference on the part of the policymakers of Defendant CITY to the constitutional rights of arrestees and were the cause of the violations of Plaintiff's rights alleged herein.
75. That in so acting, Defendant CITY abused its power and authority as policymaker of the NYPD under the color of State and/or local law.
76. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical and psychological injuries, traumatic stress, post-traumatic stress disorder, mental anguish, economic damages including attorneys' fees, damage to reputation, shame, humiliation, and indignity. All of said injuries may be permanent.

XI. SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (MALICIOUS PROSECUTION)

77. Paragraphs 1 through 76 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
78. That Defendants acted with malicious intent, arrested Plaintiff and initiated a criminal proceeding despite the knowledge that Plaintiff had committed no crime.
79. That the criminal matter has been dismissed in Plaintiff's favor.
80. That there was no probable cause for the arrest and criminal proceeding.
81. Defendants knew or should have known that there was no likelihood of a conviction of Plaintiff.
82. That by reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendants, acting under the color of state law and within the scope of their authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, deprived Plaintiff of his liberty when they maliciously prosecuted him in violation of the Laws of the State of New York.

83. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical and psychological injuries, traumatic stress, post-traumatic stress disorder, mental anguish, economic damages including attorneys' fees, damage to reputation, shame, humiliation, and indignity. All of said injuries may be permanent.

XII. EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS)

84. Paragraphs 1 through 83 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
85. That as a result of the aforementioned incidents intentionally caused by Defendants, Plaintiff, ANTHONY MCDADE, suffered severe emotional distress and physical injuries.
86. That as a result of the aforementioned extreme and outrageous conduct negligently inflicted by Defendants, Plaintiff suffered severe emotional and/or mental distress, including but not limited to emotional overlay, depression, stress, anxiety, humiliation, embarrassment and tension, serious permanent personal injuries of mind as well as special damages and loss and/or diminution in his enjoyment of life, and physical injuries, all of which are permanent in nature.

XIII. NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (RESPONDEAT SUPERIOR)

87. Paragraphs 1 through 86 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
88. That at all times, all Defendants were acting within the scope of their employment.
89. That Defendant CITY was able to exercise control over Defendant Officers' activities.

90. That Defendant CITY is liable for Defendant Officers' actions under the doctrine of respondeat superior.

91. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered mental injuries, emotional injuries, economic injury, trauma, humiliation, terror, damage to reputation, and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

XIV. TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to §1983 (DENIAL OF RIGHT TO FAIR TRIAL)

92. Paragraphs 1 through 91 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.

93. By fabricating evidence, Defendants violated Plaintiff's Constitutional right to a fair trial.

94. Defendants were aware, or should have been aware, of the falsity of the information recorded in the reports which were used to prosecute Plaintiff.

95. That the false information provided to prosecutors by Defendants was relied upon by prosecutors and was likely to influence a jury's decision.

96. That Plaintiff suffered a loss of liberty from the use of the false documents.

97. As a result of the above constitutionally impermissible conduct, Plaintiff was caused to suffer personal injuries, violation of civil rights, economic damages, emotional distress, anguish, anxiety, fear, humiliation, loss of freedom and damage to his reputation and standing within his community.

XV. ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (DENIAL OF RIGHT TO FAIR TRIAL)

98. Paragraphs 1 through 97 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.

99. By fabricating evidence, Defendants violated Plaintiff's Constitutional right to a fair trial.

100. Defendants were aware, or should have been aware, of the falsity of the information recorded in the reports which were used to prosecute Plaintiff.
101. That the false information provided to prosecutors by Defendants was relied upon by prosecutors and was likely to influence a jury's decision.
102. That Plaintiff suffered a loss of liberty from the use of the false documents.
103. As a result of the above constitutionally impermissible conduct, Plaintiff was caused to suffer personal injuries, violation of civil rights, economic damages, emotional distress, anguish, anxiety, fear, humiliation, loss of freedom and damage to his reputation and standing within his community.

INJURY AND DAMAGES

As a result of the acts and conduct complained of herein, Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer, emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, injury to his reputation, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of liberty and other non-pecuniary losses. Plaintiff has further experienced severe emotional and physical distress.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that judgment be entered:

1. Awarding Plaintiff compensatory damages in a full and fair sum to be determined by a jury;
2. Awarding Plaintiff punitive damages in an amount to be determined by a jury;
3. Awarding Plaintiff interest from September 6, 2015; and
4. Awarding Plaintiff reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 42 USC §1988; and
5. Granting such other and further relief as to this Court seems proper.

Dated: New York, NY
September 7, 2015

Yours, etc.



JUSTIN M. ROPER, ESQ.
ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF

ATTORNEY'S VERIFICATION

JUSTIN M. ROPER, ESQ., an attorney duly admitted to practice before the Courts of the State of New York, affirms the following to be true under the penalties of perjury:

I am an attorney and member of NASS & ROPER LAW, P.C., attorneys for Plaintiff, ANTHONY MCDADE. I have read the annexed AMENDED COMPLAINT and know the contents thereof, and the same are true to my knowledge, except those matters therein which are stated to be alleged upon information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true. My belief, as to those matters therein not stated upon knowledge, is based upon facts, records, and other pertinent information contained in my files.

The reason this verification is made by me and not Plaintiff is that Plaintiff is not presently in the county wherein the attorneys for the Plaintiff maintain their offices.

DATED: New York, New York
September 7, 2015



JUSTIN M. ROPER, ESQ.

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

ANTHONY MCDADE,

Plaintiff,

– against –

CITY OF NEW YORK, ET AL.

Defendants.

AMENDED COMPLAINT

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